

20 QUESTIONS ABOUT SMALL-SCALE FISHERIES

Background and invitation

While the importance of small-scale fisheries (SSF) is widely acknowledged, information about this sector is scattered, making it difficult to design policies and management strategies that support them. The project "Too Big To Ignore" (TBTI) aims to rectify this by developing the Information System on Small-scale Fisheries (ISSF), as a web-based, open-access global repository of data about SSF.

We are inviting you to contribute information about SSF by completing the "20 Questions about SSF" (see below). These questions, resulted from more than two years of consultation with international experts, aim to capture key characteristics about SSF. By completing these questions, you are helping SSF around the world increase visibility and gain recognition they deserve.

These questions can be completed by individuals or a group of people knowledgeable and familiar with SSF in any location, at any scale. Estimates based on local and expert knowledge are acceptable, but this should be indicated in the information source(s) at the end of the questionnaire.

You can send the completed questionnaire as an email attachment to toobigtoignore@mun.ca or create a SSF Profile online (https://issfcloud.toobigtoignore.net/). Once a profile is created, the information will be publicly available on ISSF but you will be acknowledged as the 'contributors(s),' as well as the 'author(s)' of the SSF profile in the synthesis report that we will continue to compile.

Please feel free to forward the 20 questions to your networks, including fishing communities and NGOs. If you have any question or comment, please email us at toobigtoignore@mun.ca.

We thank you for your contribution.

TBTI ISSF Team

Contributor(s):		
Name:		
Affiliation:		
Email:		

INFORMATION	RESPONSE	
(1) Name and type of SSF	A. Name of the fishery:	
	B. SSF type(s): (select ALL that apply) Aquaculture	
(2) Location, geographic scope	A. Location:	
	Geographic scope: (select ONE only)	
	Local	
	☐ Sub-national	
	☐ National	
	☐ Regional (multiple countries)	
	☐ Global	
	Country(ies):	
	B. Information timeframe: (indicate year associated with the information, or a range of years)	

(3) Dominant ecosystems in the	A. Ecosystem type(s): (select ALL that apply)	
location	☐ Marine	
	☐ Freshwater	
	☐ Brackish	
	B. Ecosystem detailed type(s): (select ALL that apply)	
	Archipelago 🔲 Intertidal	
	☐ Beach ☐ Lagoon	
	☐ Coastal ☐ Lake	
	☐ Coral reef ☐ Mangrove	
	☐ Deep sea ☐ Open ocean	
	☐ Estuary ☐ River	
	☐ Fjord ☐ Salt marsh	
	Others (specify):	
(1) 007		
(4) SSF term and definition	A. Term(s) used to refer to SSF: (select ALL that apply)	
	Artisanal	
	Coastal	
	Indigenous	
	☐ Inland	
	☐ Inshore	
	☐ Small boat	
	☐ Small scale	
	☐ Subsistence	
	☐ Traditional	
	Others (specify):	
	B. Are small-scale fisheries defined? (select ONE only)	
	Yes	
	□ No	
	☐ Not explicitly	
	Not explicitly	
	Provide SSF definition, if applicable:	

(5) Main gears type(s)	Select ALL that apply: Dredges Cast nets Gillnets Harpoons Harvesting machines Hooks and lines Others (specify):		☐ Lift nets ☐ Poison/explosives ☐ Recreational fishing gears ☐ Seine nets ☐ Surrounding nets ☐ Traps ☐ Trawls			
(6) Type(s) and number(s) of vessels (select ALL that apply and provide information for each type)	Main SSF vessel type(s)	# vessels	Ave. length (metres	Typical engine size (HP)	# crew	# days fishing /year
	□ Raft □ Canoe □ Outrigger □ Dory □ Piroque □ Wooden □ Fiberglass □ Row boat □ Sail boat □ Decked □ Undecked □ Other:					
(7) Number of SS fishers	A. Total num B. % of full-ti	me		=		
(8) Number of all households	C. % of fished			=		
and SS fishing households in the location	households i B. % of house participating	n the loc eholds	ation	=		

(9) Main species caught and	Common name Latin name La	ndings (metric tons) / year	
landing amount for each species			
(10) Percentage of household	A. % of household income from SS	F (harvest and post	
income from SSF (harvest and	harvest) =		
post-harvest) and types of	B. Book however a stirity (i.e.) in the	l	
post-harvest activities	B. Post-harvest activity(ies) in the location: (select ALL that		
	apply) Processing (cooking, dryin	us calting smoking atal	
	☐ Marketing/trading	ig, saiting, sinoking, etc.)	
	☐ Transportation		
	`		
	Others (specify):		
	C. % of women in post-harvest =		
	D. % of children in post-harvest =		
(11) Percentage of total income,	% income =		
or GDP, in the location coming from SSF	% GDP =		
110111331	70 GDF -		
(12) Other 'non-fishing'	Select ALL that apply:	% of women involved:	
livelihood activities SS	☐ Farming/cultivation (rice,	=	
fishing people participate in	cassava, corn,		
(Indicate approximate percentage of women involved)	vegetables, etc.)	=	
oj women involvedj	Animal/livestock husbandry	=	
	Small trade		
	Small own-business	=	
	Tourism-related activities	=	
	☐ Wage/hired labour		
	Others (specify):	=	
		=	

(13) SSF market and distribution	A. % of catch retained for	=	
channel(s)	household consumption and		
	given to family/friends		
	B. % of catch sold in local markets	=	
	C. % of catch sold to outside	=	
	markets		
	D. % of catch going to non food	=	
	uses		
	E. % of catch going to other or unknown uses	=	
	TOTAL	100%	
(14) Number of years SSF have	Select ONE only:	100%	
existed in this location	Less than 10 years		
existed in this location	· —		
	☐ 10 to 30 years		
	☐ 31 to 50 years		
	☐ 51 to 100 years		
	☐ More than 100 years		
(15) SS fishers' status in the	A. SS fishers are: (Select ONE only)		
society and whether fishing is an	☐ Highly recognized for their contributions to the		
occupation of the last resort	society		
	☐ Moderately recognized for the		
	contributions to the society		
	☐ Poorly or not at all recognized for their		
	contributions to the society		
	,		
	B. Fishing is considered by SS fishers as an occupation of		
	the last resort: (Select ONE only)		
	□ No		
	☐ Somewhat		
	☐ Yes		
(16) Governance mode(s) in SSF	Select ALL that apply:		
(10) Governance mode(s) m 33F		nanco.	
	Co-management/co-governance		
	☐ Community-based manage	ment	
	☐ Self governance		
	Top-down/Hierarchical governance		
	Others (specify):		

(17) Property and access rights held by SS fishers	A. Property rights held by Individual Collective/community None B. Access held by SS fisher Secured Not secured	unal	
(18) Key rules, regulations, instruments and measures used to manage SSF	Select ALL that apply: License/permit Buy-back Catch limit Seasonal closure Area closure Gear restriction Vessel restriction Fishing effort restriction Community-based rights	areas Quot Taxes renta Territ rights Trans	a allocation s and resource al charges corial user
(19) Relevant organization(s) involved in SSF governance in the location	<u>Name</u>	Type (e.g. State/gov. department, market organization, fishers local action group, co-op/society, etc.)	Geographic Scale (e.g. local, sub-national, national, regional, global)

(20) Major concerns/issues	Select ALL that apply:		
affecting SSF (which make	☐ Ecosystem health (resource/environmental		
them vulnerable or threaten	degradation, bycatch, destructive fishing practices,		
their viability)	etc.)		
	☐ Social justice (access, rights, fairness, equity,		
	displacement, power, etc.)		
	☐ Livelihoods (viability, wellbeing, health, etc.)		
	☐ Food security (a	vailability, accessib	ility, safety,
	etc.)		
	☐ Markets (access, price, monopoly, etc.)		
	☐ Climate/environmental changes		
	☐ Land-based pollution, coastal erosion		
	Ocean grabbing, privatization schemes		
	Poor governance (lack of accountability,		
	transparency, rules of law, etc.)		
	☐ Stakeholder cor	flicts (between diff	erent resource
	users and inter	est groups, includin	g conservation
	and tourism)		
	Others (specify)	:	

Information	Source(s):
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Other Comments: